# **Hayling Island Directional Waverider Buoy**

#### Location

OS: 473700E 93006N

WGS84: Latitude: 50° 43.920' N Longitude: 00° 57.424' W

# **Water Depth**

~10 m CD

# **Instrument Type**

Datawell Directional Waverider Mk III

# **Data Quality**

Recovery rate (%)	Sample interval
96	30 minutes

#### Statistics - 2012

All times are GMT

Month	H <sub>s</sub> (m)	T <sub>p</sub> (s)	T <sub>z</sub> (s)	Dir. (°)	SST (°C)	No. of days
January	0.81	8.7	3.8	188	8.6	30
February	0.53	10.0	4.1	186	6.2	26
March	0.46	10.8	4.0	184	8.2	30
April	0.77	7.4	3.7	178	10.0	30
May	0.42	5.2	3.2	184	12.0	31
June	0.75	6.1	3.5	190	14.9	29
July	0.56	5.6	3.3	198	16.7	30
August	0.59	6.3	3.4	191	18.4	30
September	0.56	5.8	3.2	202	15.2	28
October	0.77	7.5	3.8	191	11.9	30
November	0.82	8.0	3.9	197	9.0	29
December	1.01	10.5	4.3	192	6.1	30

# **Storm Analysis**

Date/Time	H <sub>s</sub> (m)	T <sub>p</sub> (s)	T <sub>z</sub> (s)	Dir. (°)	Water level elevation* (OD)	Tidal stage (hours re. HW)	Tidal range (m)	Tidal surge* (m)	Max. surge* (m)
03-Jan-2012 08:30	3.32	10.0	6.1	200	0.91	HW +2	1.8	0.25	0.50

<sup>\*</sup> Tidal information is obtained from the nearest recording tide gauge (the National Network gauge at Portsmouth). The surge shown is the residual at the time of the highest H<sub>s.</sub> The maximum tidal surge is the largest positive surge during the storm event.

#### **Annual Statistics**

Year	Annual H <sub>s</sub> exceedance* (m)				e* (m)	Annual Maximum H <sub>s</sub>		
	0.05%	0.5%	1%	2%	5% 10%		Date	A <sub>max</sub> (m)
2003	-	2.33	2.11	1.85	1.41	1.10	29-Nov-2003 10:00	2.68
2004	3.08	2.32	2.11	1.91	1.60	1.26	08-Jan-2004 10:30	3.64
2005	3.24	2.53	2.10	1.80	1.41	1.11	02-Dec-2005 17:00	3.53
2006	3.03	2.48	2.28	2.06	1.71	1.39	03-Dec-2006 08:00	3.42
2007	3.23	2.59	2.33	2.08	1.72	1.41	18-Jan-2007 13:00	3.58
2008	3.36	2.64	2.35	2.07	1.69	1.35	10-Mar-2008 08:00	3.79
2009	3.06	2.59	2.39	2.11	1.69	1.38	14-Nov-2009 13:30	3.36
2010	2.93	2.26	2.03	1.72	1.36	1.08	11-Nov-2010 08:30	3.25
2011	3.35	2.17	2.01	1.78	1.53	1.27	13-Dec-2011 01:00	3.77
2012	3.01	2.4	2.23	1.99	1.58	1.28	03-Jan-2012 08:30	3.32

<sup>\*</sup> i.e. 5 % of the H<sub>s</sub> values measured in 2003 exceeded 1.41 m

#### **Distribution plots**

The distribution of wave parameters are shown in the accompanying graphs of:

- Annual time series of H<sub>s</sub> (red line is 3.0 m storm threshold)
- Wave roses (Direction vs. H<sub>s</sub> and vs. T<sub>p</sub>) for all measured data from 01 April 2004
- Percentage of occurrence of H<sub>s</sub>, T<sub>p</sub>, T<sub>z</sub> and Direction for 2012
- Incidence of storm waves for 2012. Storm events are defined using the Peaks-over-Threshold method. The highest H<sub>s</sub> of each storm event is shown
- Joint distribution of all parameters for all measured data, given as percentage of occurrence

# Significant wave height return periods

Return periods for significant wave height can be calculated since the buoy has been deployed for more than 5 years. The return periods are based on 3-hourly records and are calculated for periods up to 10 times the record length, using a Weibull distribution.

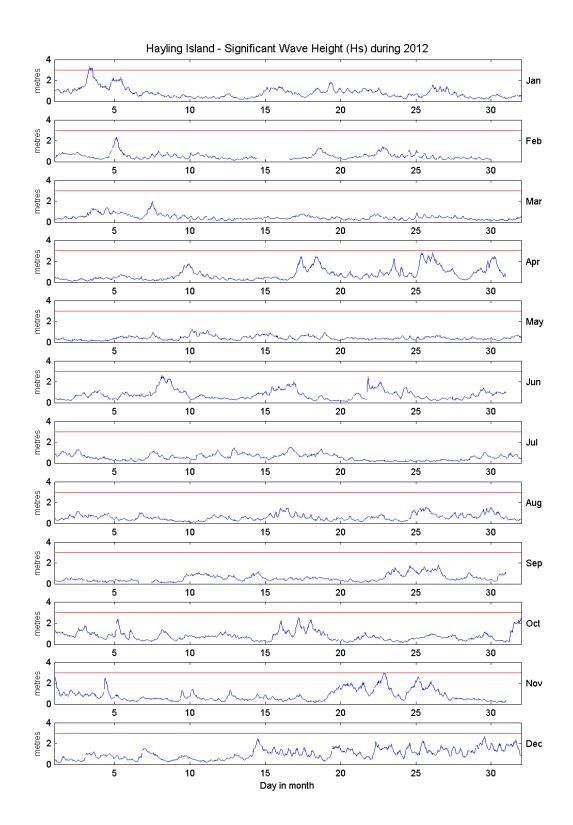
Return period (years)	Significant wave height (m)	Comments		
1	3.4			
2	3.5	No donth limitation		
5	3.7	No depth limitation		
10	3.8			
20	3.9	Donth limited at MI WS		
50	4.0	Depth-limited at MLWS		

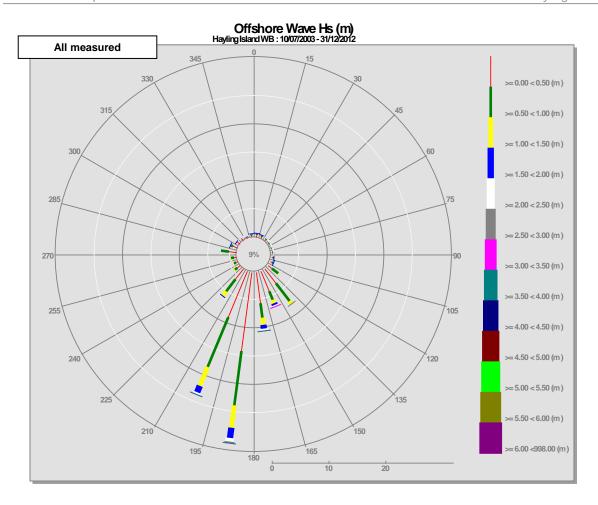
#### General

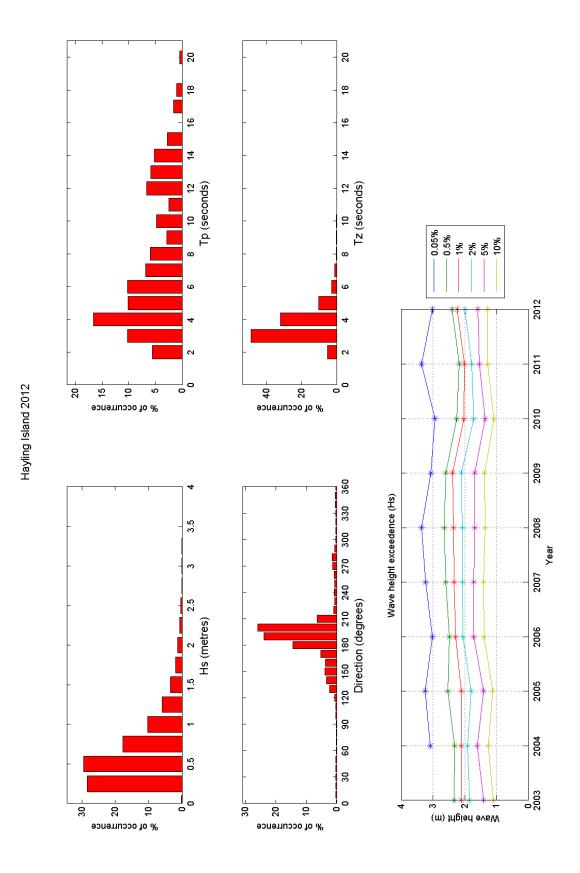
The buoy was first deployed on 10 July 2003, at which time the magnetic declination at the site was 2.9° west, changing by 0.14° east per year.

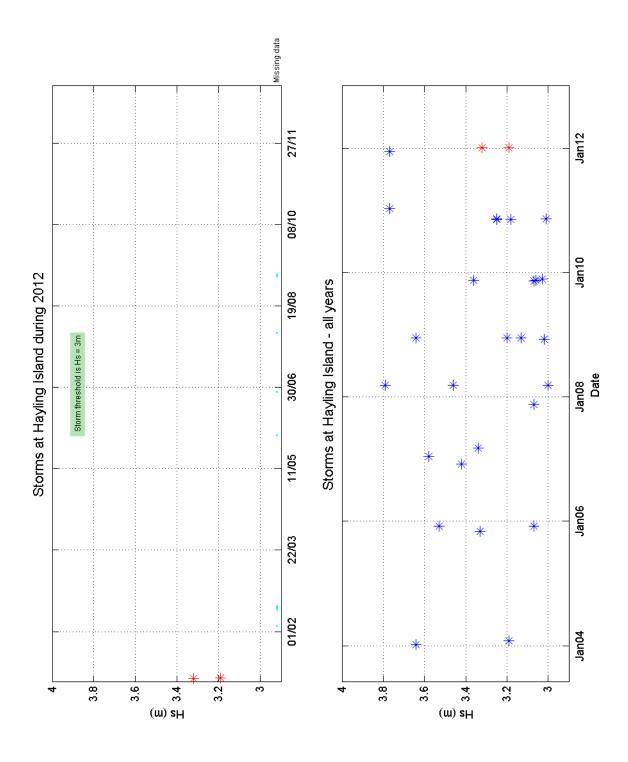
### **Acknowledgements**

Tidal data were supplied by the British Oceanographic Data Centre as part of the function of the National Tidal and Sea Level Facility, hosted by the Proudman Oceanographic Laboratory and funded by DEFRA and the Natural Environment Research Council.









Hayling Island 2003 to 2012 - Joint distribution (% of occurrence)

